HOT Zone

1. Massive Hemorrhage / Mask Check (if in place)
   A. Address life-threatening hemorrhage first
   B. If respiratory protection is present, ensure proper fit/function

2. Airway / Antidote
   A. Assess airway
      i. Weigh risk / benefit of removing respiratory protection if in place
   B. Antidote - If casualty will die before DECON
      i. Nerve – ATNAA (1/3) / CANA (1)
      ii. Opioid – Naloxone 2mg
      iii. Cyanide – Amyl Nitrate
      iv. Chlorine/Blister inhalation/TIC – Albuterol

3. Respirations / Rapid DECON
   A. Determine if respiratory distress is due to injury or agent
      i. Weigh risk / benefit of airway interventions that will compromise respiratory protection if present
   B. Rapid DECON if visible gross contamination or breach in PPE (RSDL)
      i. Do not breach PPE / Do not expose any more than necessary

Warm Zone (DECON)

1. Reassess interventions / antidote effectiveness
   A. Dirty intervention exchange

2. Countermeasures / Circulation
   A. Countermeasures
      i. Cyanide - Cyanokit
      ii. Nerve – Atropine 2mg q. 3-5 Min
   B. Circulation
      i. Determine and address route cause

3. Hypothermia management
   A. Prevent hypothermia especially during DECON operations

4. EVAC